

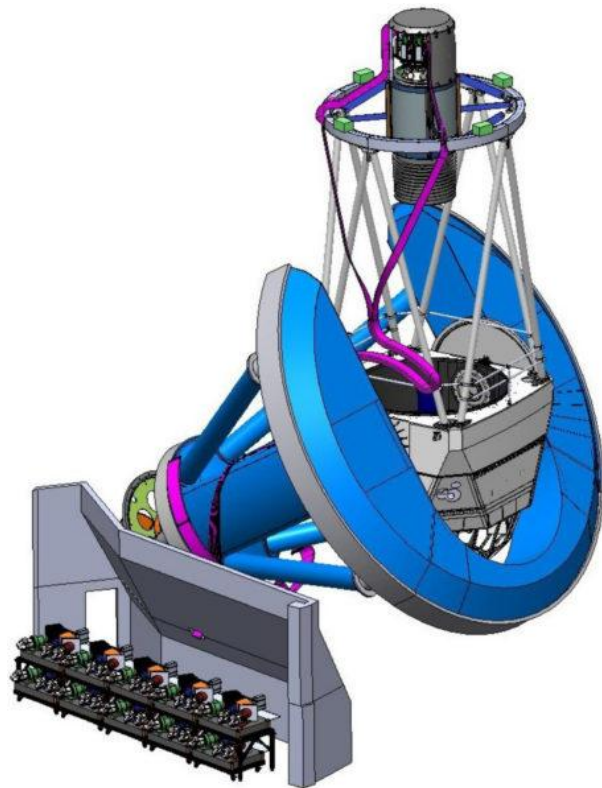
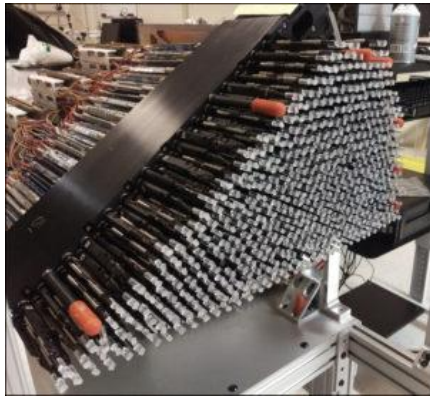
# Forward modeling fluctuations in the DESI LRGs target sample using image simulations

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June 6, 2024

Planes Complementarios AstroHEP

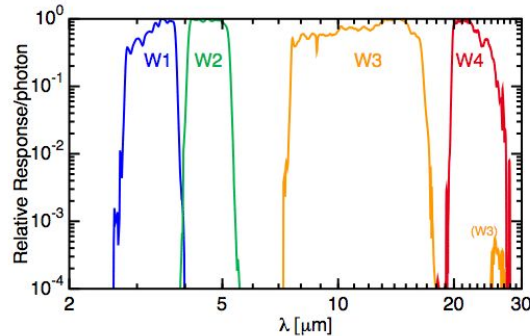
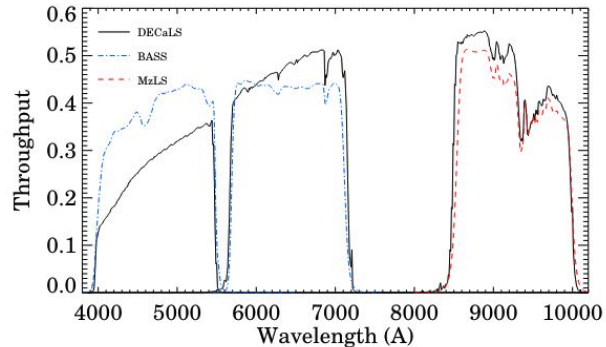
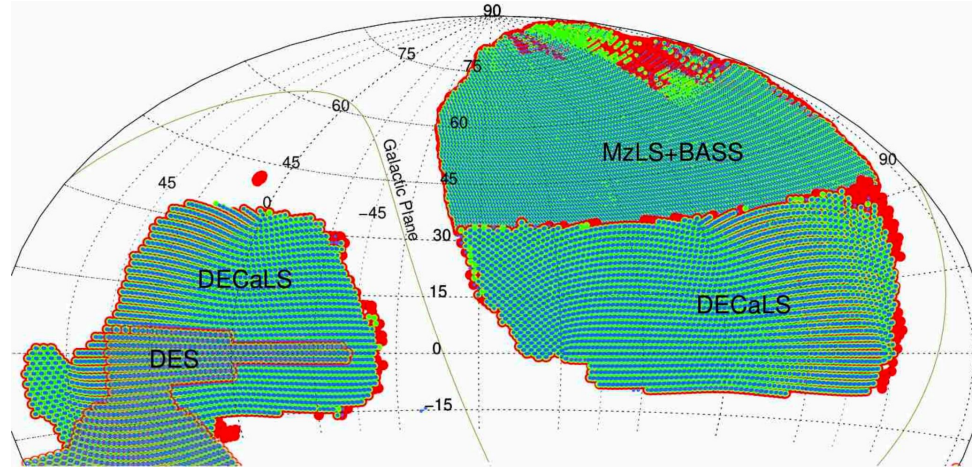
# The Dark Energy Spectroscopic Instrument (DESI)

- DESI gets redshift for ~5000 targets at a time with robotic fibers
- Unprecedented 3D map of the universe with 30 million galaxies
- Science Goals:
  - Baryon Acoustic Oscillations
  - Redshift Space Distortions
  - Neutrino mass
  - Primordial non-gaussianity



# Target Selection with the DESI Legacy Imaging Surveys

- Used for selecting targets for spectroscopic redshift measurement
- Optical bands: g, r, z
- Infrared bands: W1, W2



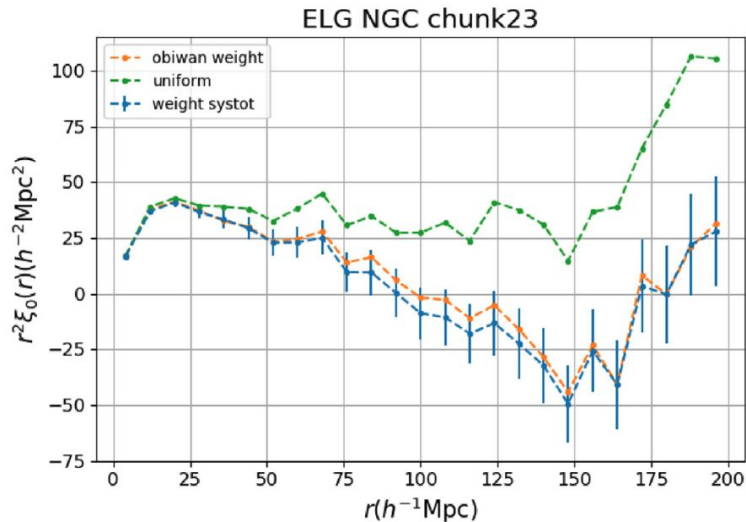
Dey et. al. (2019)

# Imaging systematics

Fluctuation of galaxy densities due to varying observing conditions

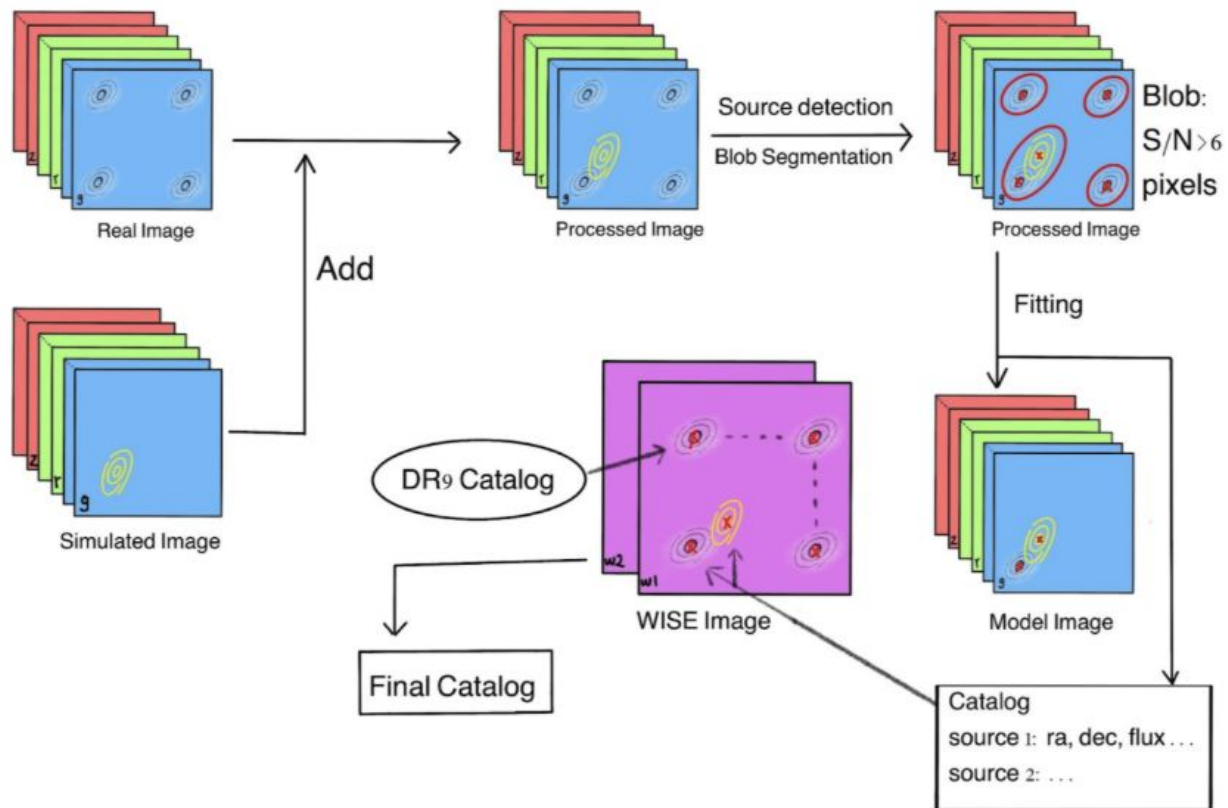
- Galactic dust extinction
- Point spread function (seeing)
- Image depth
- Stellar density

Signals from imaging systematics contaminate true cosmological signals



Kong et. al. (2019)

# Obiwan: Forward modeling imaging systematics with image simulations

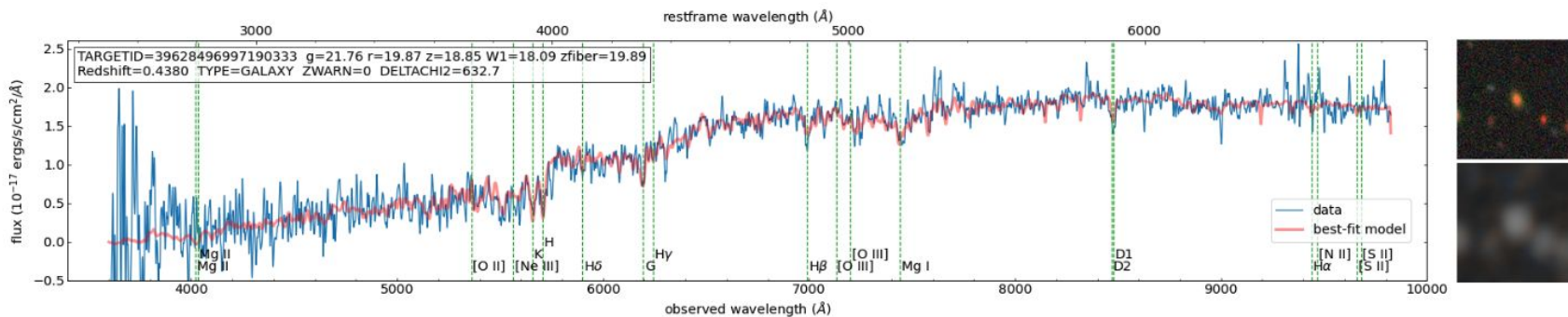


# DESI Luminous Red Galaxies (LRGs)

- LRG = Bright red galaxy at relatively low redshift
- Defined by a set of selection cuts on  $g,r,z,W1$  band

Zhou et. al. (2022)

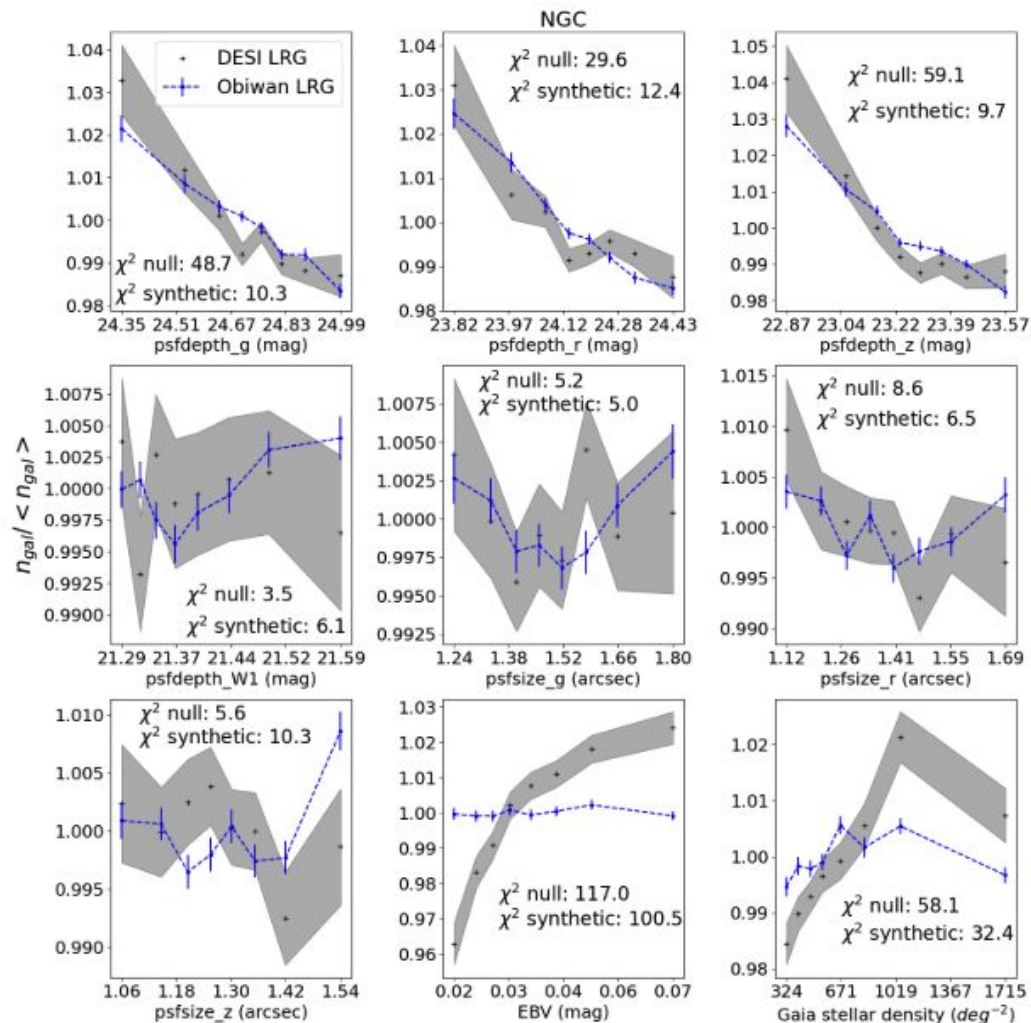
Cuts	Comment
South	
$z_{\text{fiber}} < 21.7$	Faint limit
$z - W1 > 0.8 \times (r - z) - 0.6$	Stellar rejection
$((g - r > 1.3) \text{ AND } (g - r > -1.55 \times (r - W1) + 3.13)) \text{ OR } (r - W1 > 1.8)$	Remove low- $z$ galaxies
$((r - W1 > (W1 - 17.26) \times 1.8) \text{ AND } (r - W1 > W1 - 16.36)) \text{ OR } (r - W1 > 3.29)$	Luminosity cut





# Obiwan LRGs vs DESI LRGs

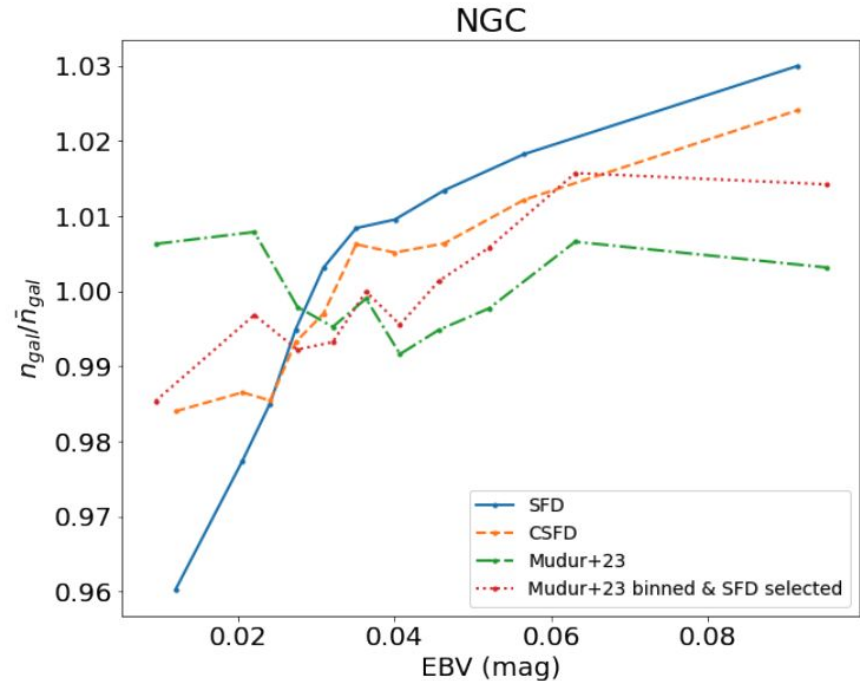
- Good recovery in galactic depth
- Large difference in the dust extinction map and the stellar density map



Kong et. al. (2024)

# Implications from Obiwan Simulations: extinction

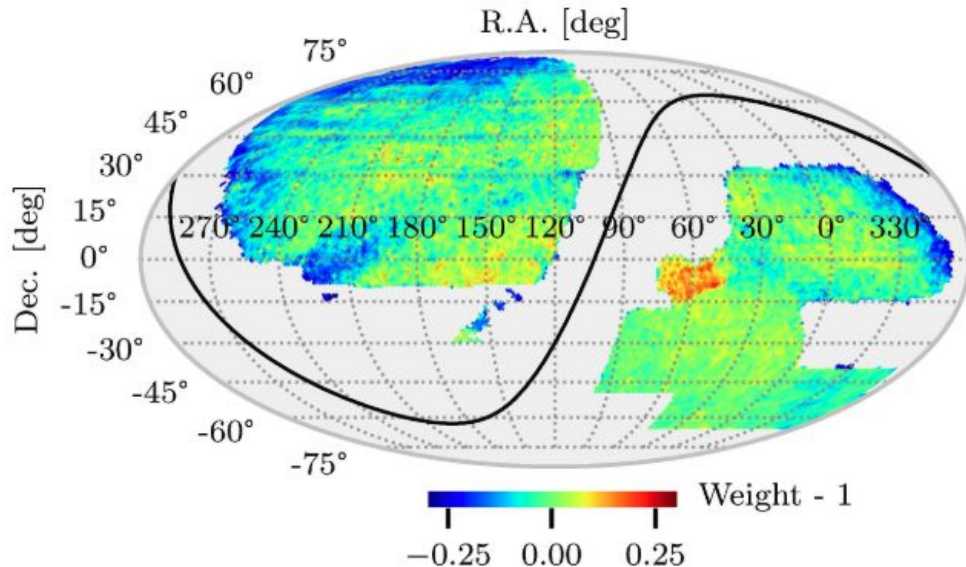
- Dust extinction map has some unknown Large-Scale-Structure systematics, e.g. Cosmic Infrared Background





# The standard imaging systematics mitigation approach

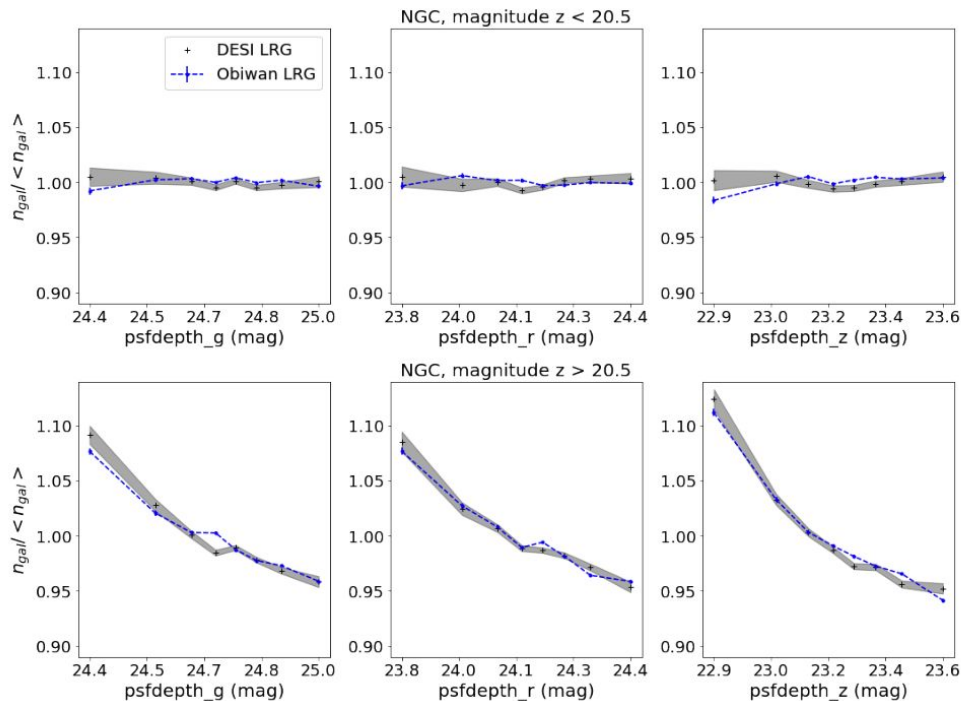
- Separate the images into tiny segments (healpix pixels)
- For each pixel, one imaging systematics weight is derived:  $w_{\text{sys}}$



Edmond et. al. (2024)  
For DESI Quasar targets

# Implications from Obiwan Simulations: depth

- Imaging systematics depends on the intrinsic brightness of galaxies, and it can be recovered with forward modeling



**Conclusion: Forward modeling imaging systematics is important for precision Cosmology!**