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Exploring Rare Event Searches with

LEGEND

From $0\nu\beta\beta$ to Dark Matter

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on behalf of the LEGEND collaboration

IDM 2026

01.06.2026

Searching for $0\nu\beta\beta$

- The neutrinoless double beta ($0\nu\beta\beta$) decay is a hypothesized nuclear transition.



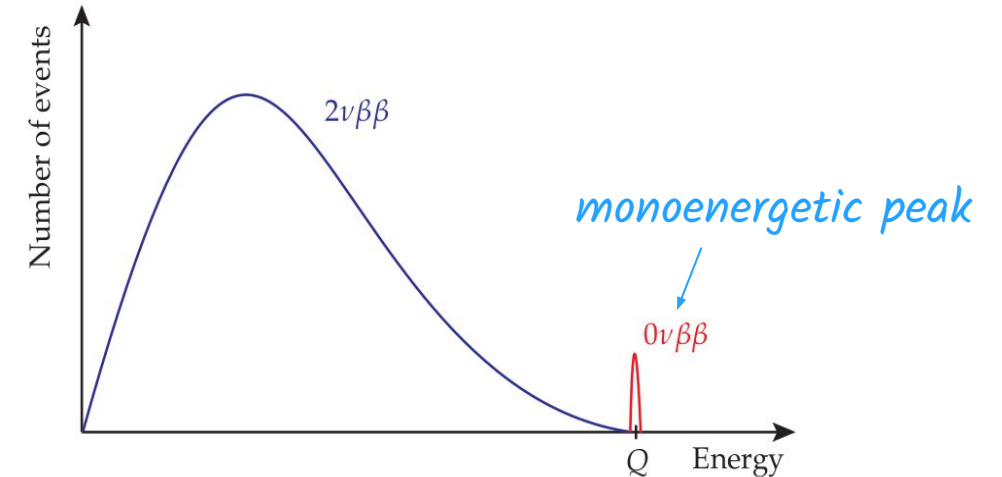
“creation of matter without antimatter”

- $0\nu\beta\beta$ can be mediated by the exchange of two massive Majorana neutrinos.
- In background-free regime: $BI \cdot \Delta E \cdot M \cdot t < 1 \text{ count}$

$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu} \propto M \cdot t$$

M : total detector mass
 t : run time
 BI : background index
 ΔE : energy resolution at $Q_{\beta\beta}$

} *exposure*

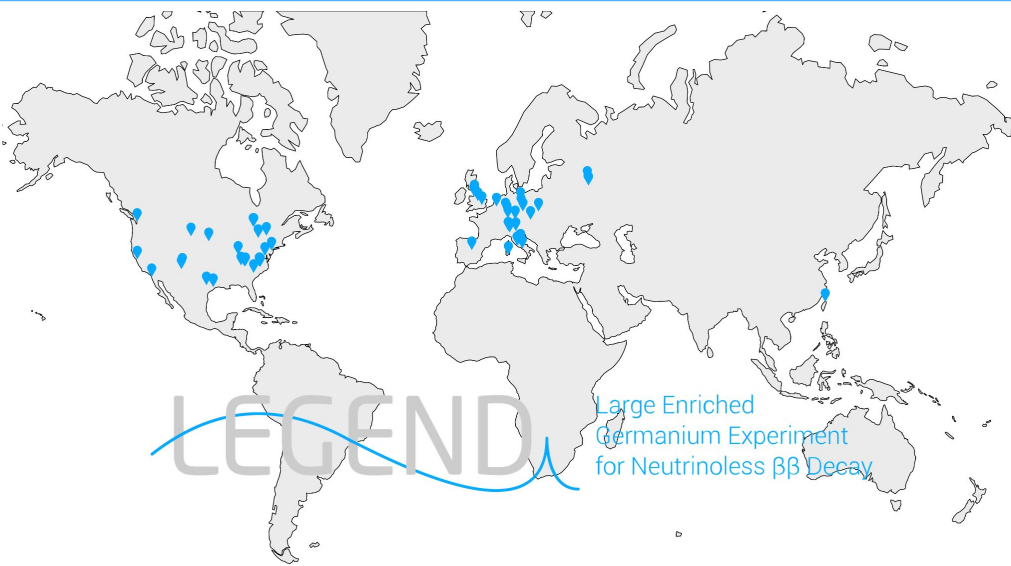


Desirable design for an experiment searching for $0\nu\beta\beta$ signal:

- Low background level
- Good energy resolution of the detector
- Large exposure
- Large $Q_{\beta\beta}$

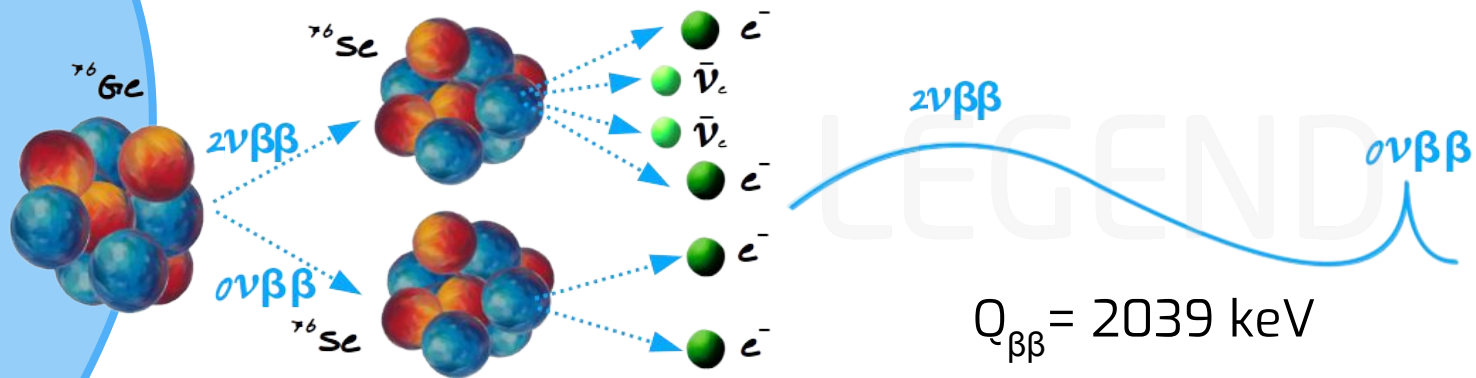
LEGEND = Large Enriched Germanium Experiment for Neutrinoless Double-Beta Decay

270+ members, 50+ institutions, 11 countries Collaboration formed in October 2016



LEGEND mission:

"The collaboration aims to develop a phased ^{76}Ge based double beta decay experimental program with discovery potential at a half-life significantly longer than 10^{28} years, using existing resources as appropriate to expedite physics results."



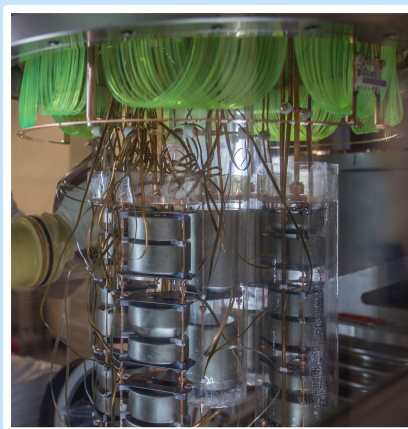


Majorana
Demonstrator



Best energy
resolution

+



Lowest
background index

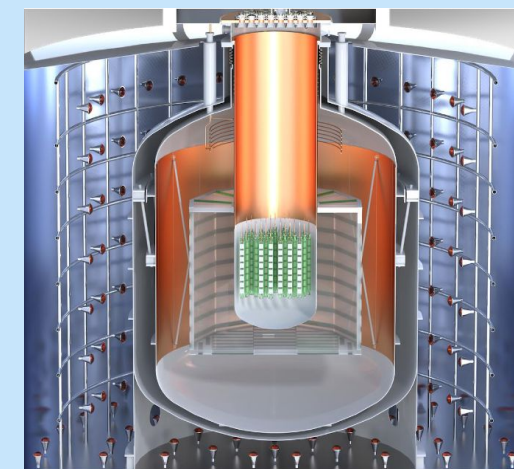
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LEGEND-200



Situated in the existing
GERDA infrastructure at
LNGS

LEGEND-1000



Emerged as the
**portfolio review
winner!**

completed in ~

2020

data taking started in ...

2023

*commissioning
will start in*

2030

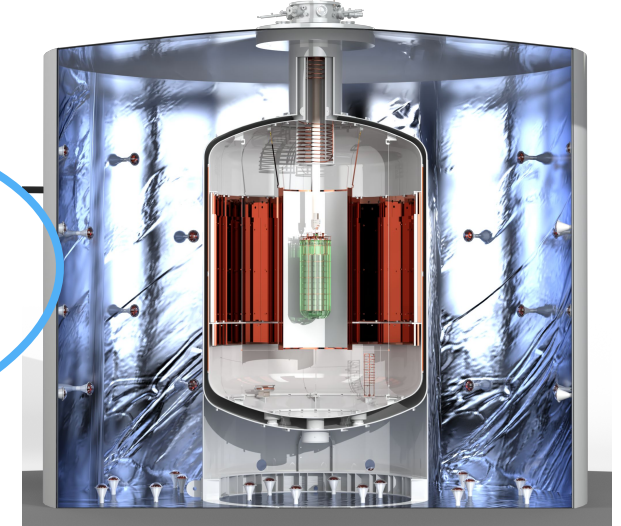
The ~~LEGEND~~ project

First Stage: **LEGEND-200**

- up to **200 kg** of detector mass: 35 kg from GERDA + 30 kg from MJD + 140 kg which are new, distributed to 14 strings
- Current data taking since March 2023 with ~142 kg of detectors deployed in LAr
- Total planned exposure 10 times larger than GERDA, up to 1 ton yr

Goals

$$\begin{array}{l} T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 10^{27} \text{ yrs} \\ m < 30\text{-}70 \text{ meV} \\ B < 2 \cdot 10^{-4} \\ \text{cts}/(\text{keV} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{yr}) \end{array}$$

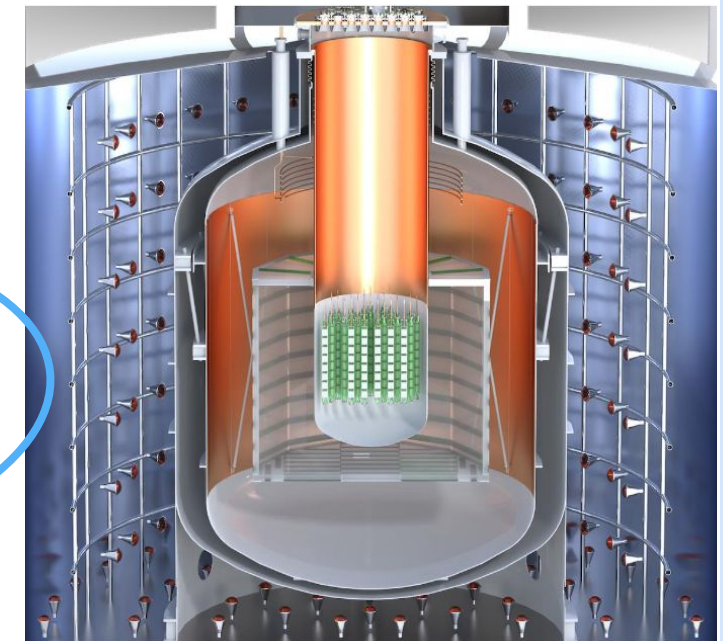


Further Stage: **LEGEND-1000**

- Staged installation up to **1000 kg** detector mass (ICPC)
- Detector strings immersed in radiopure underground LAr (UGLAr)
- Pending funding approval

Goals

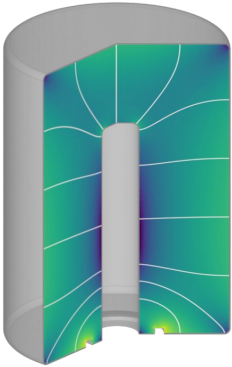
$$\begin{array}{l} T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 10^{28} \text{ yrs} \\ m < 10\text{-}20 \text{ meV} \\ B < 10^{-5} \\ \text{cts}/(\text{keV} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{yr}) \end{array}$$



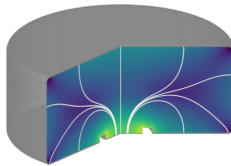
Why germanium detectors?

- High detection efficiency (detector = $\beta\beta$ source)
- Best proved energy resolution at the Q-value
- High pulse shape analysis capabilities
- Lowest background per FWHM energy resolution in the field
- Well-established technology

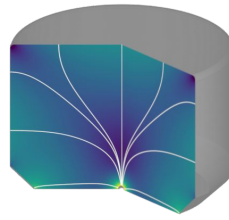
Coax



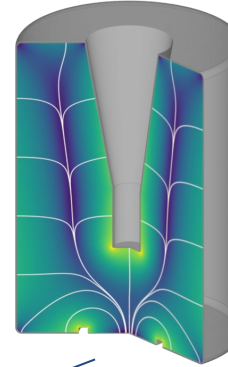
BEGe



PPC



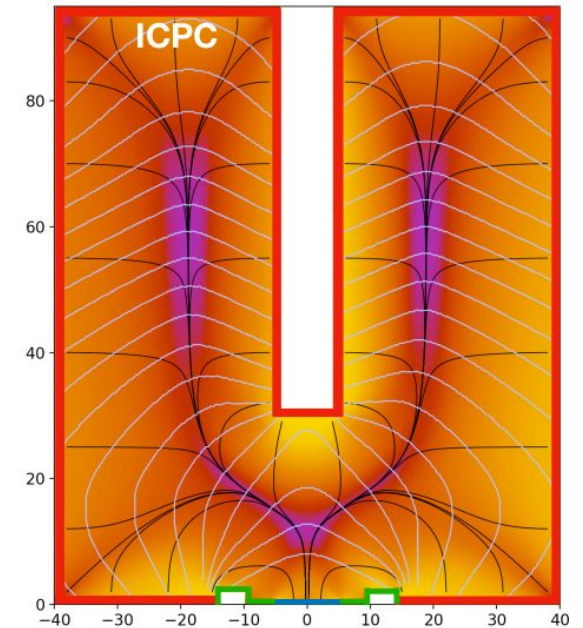
LEGEND IC



Inverted Coaxial Point Contact (ICPC) detectors:

- Enriched detectors, 92% of detector material is ^{76}Ge
- Excellent energy resolution and pulse shape discrimination
- Significantly larger w.r.t. BEGe or PPC (up to 3 kg)
- Less channels, less background
- Better surface to volume-ratio (30-40%)

n+ electrode
p+ electrode
passivation



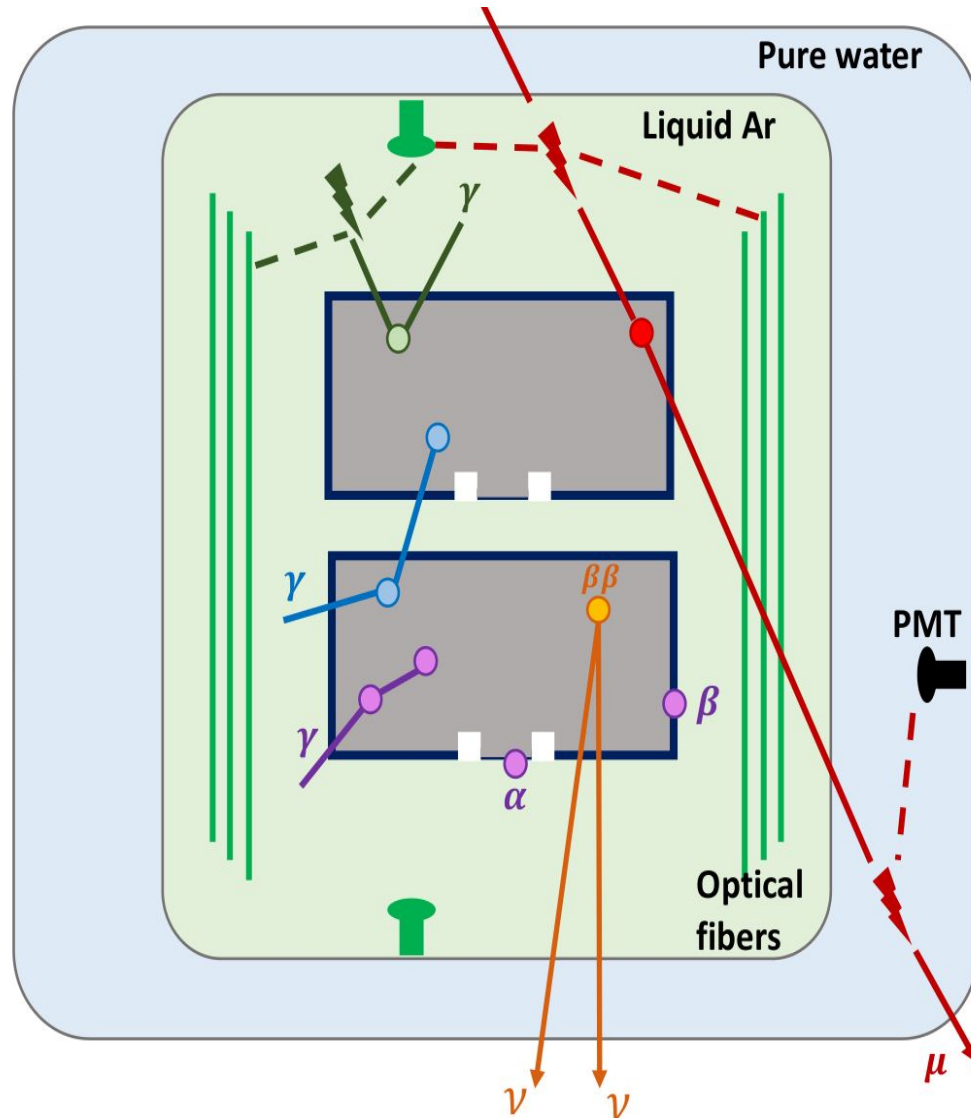
LEGEND

01.06.2026

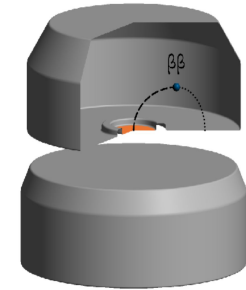
IDM 2026

Valentina Biancacci

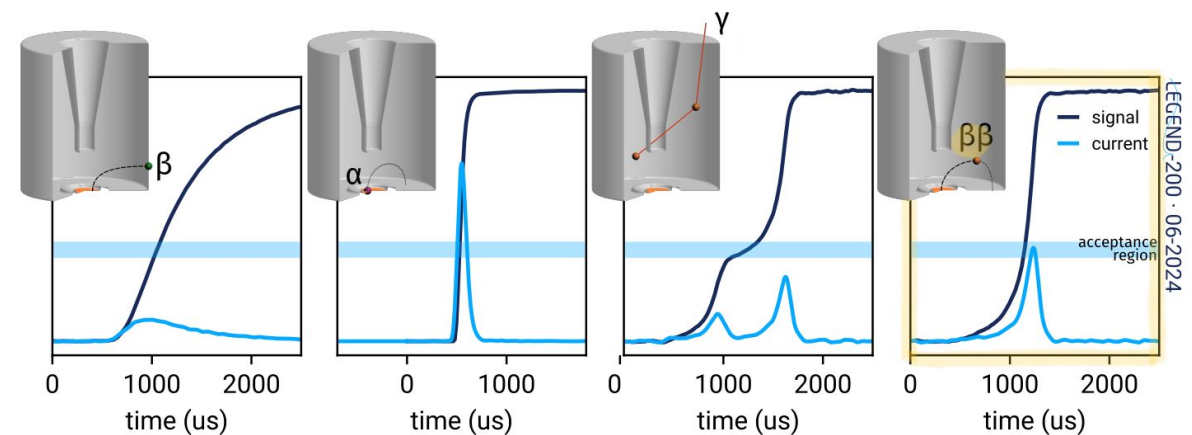
Active background reduction tools



$\beta\beta$ decay signal: single-site event $\rightarrow$ energy deposition in a 1 mm^3 volume



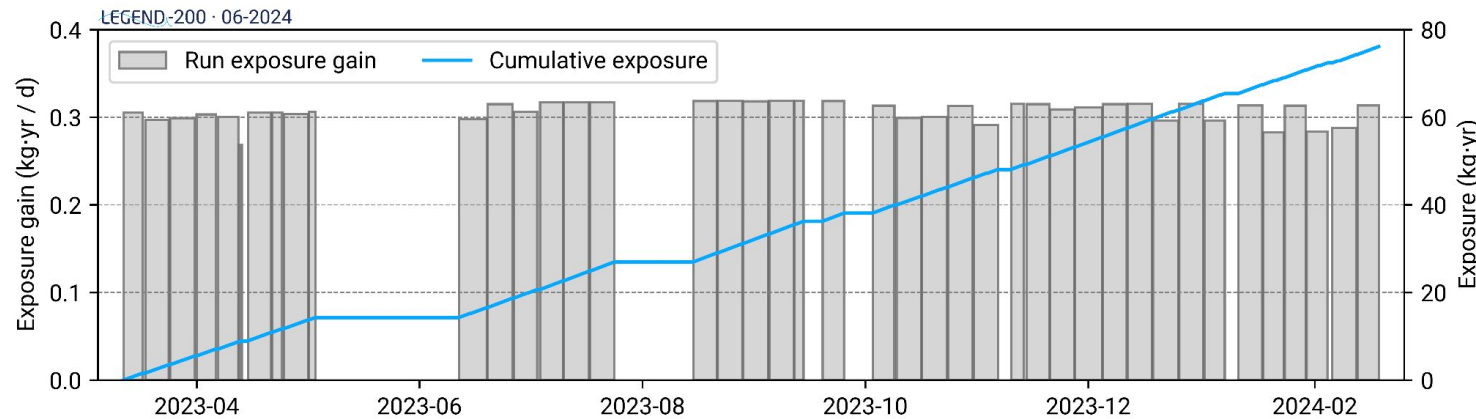
- Anti-coincidence with the muon veto
- Anti-coincidence between detectors (multisite cuts)
- Active veto using LAr scintillation (LAr Veto)
- Pulse shape discrimination (PSD)



Exposure and energy resolution

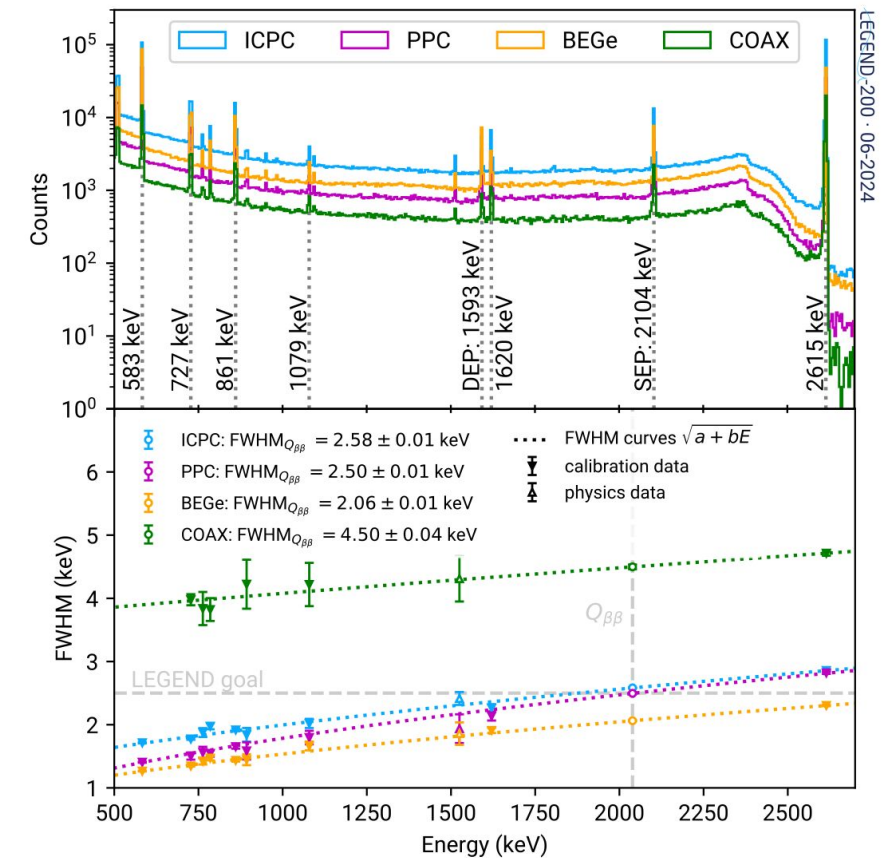
Exposure accumulated over 1 year:

- SILVER DATASET → Background and performance (76.2 kg yr)
- GOLDEN DATASET → $0\nu\beta\beta$ data (48.3 kg yr)

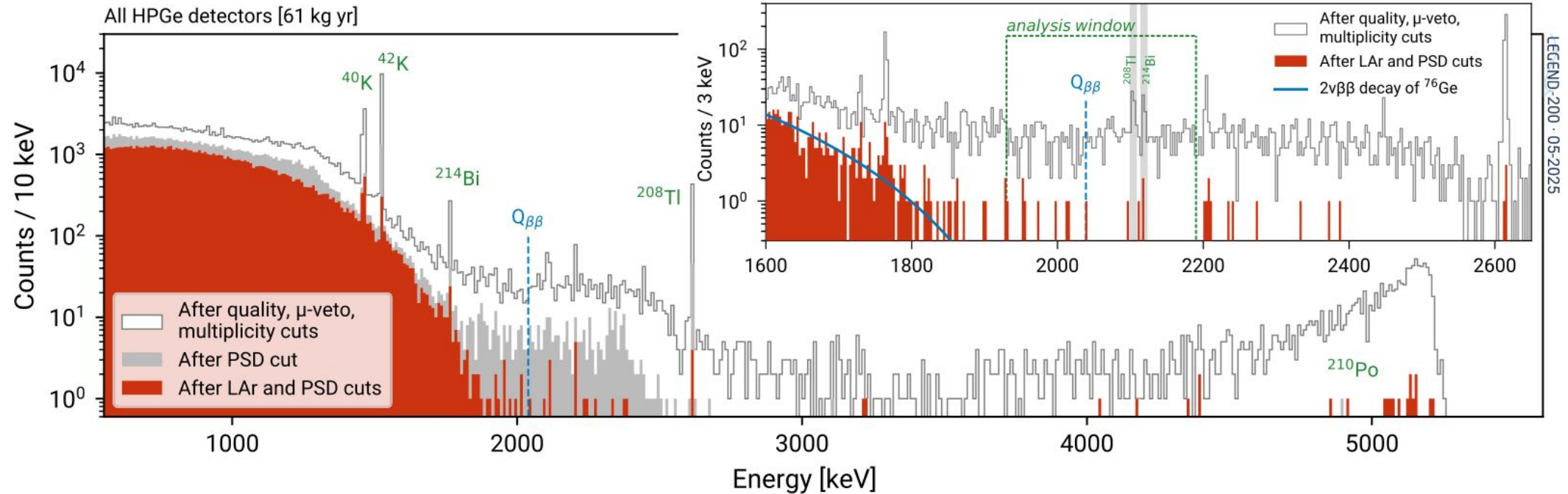


Energy resolution:

- FWHM $\sim 0.1\%$ keV at $Q_{\beta\beta}$
- Shifts monitored with weekly ^{228}Th calibrations
- Second-order variations tracked in time

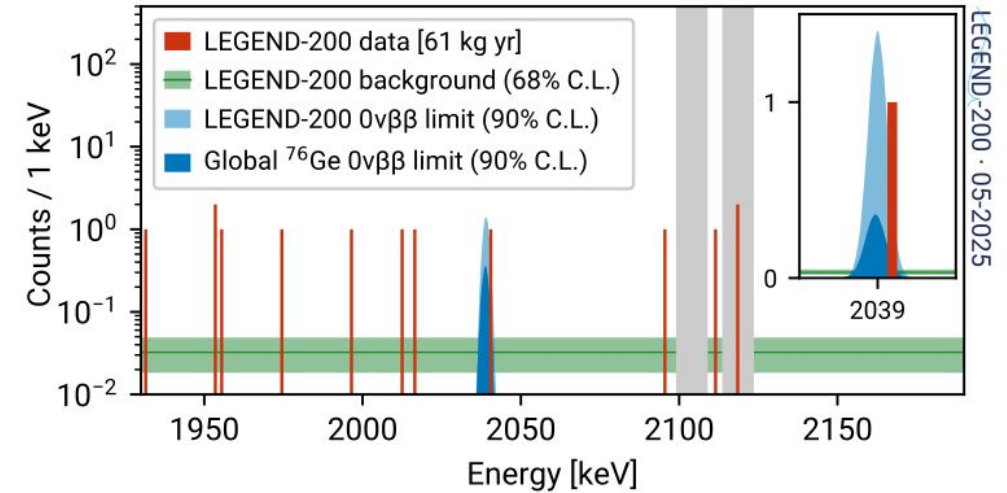


Data set after cuts



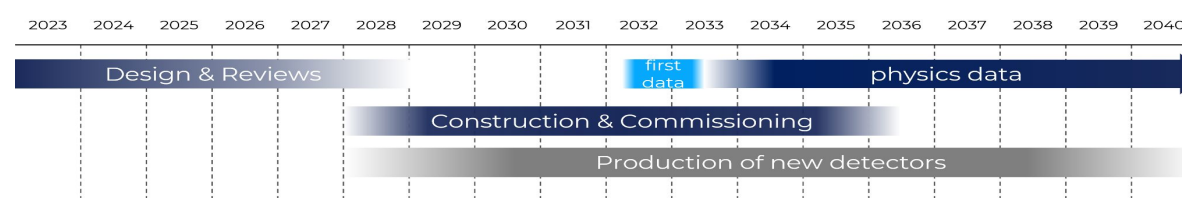
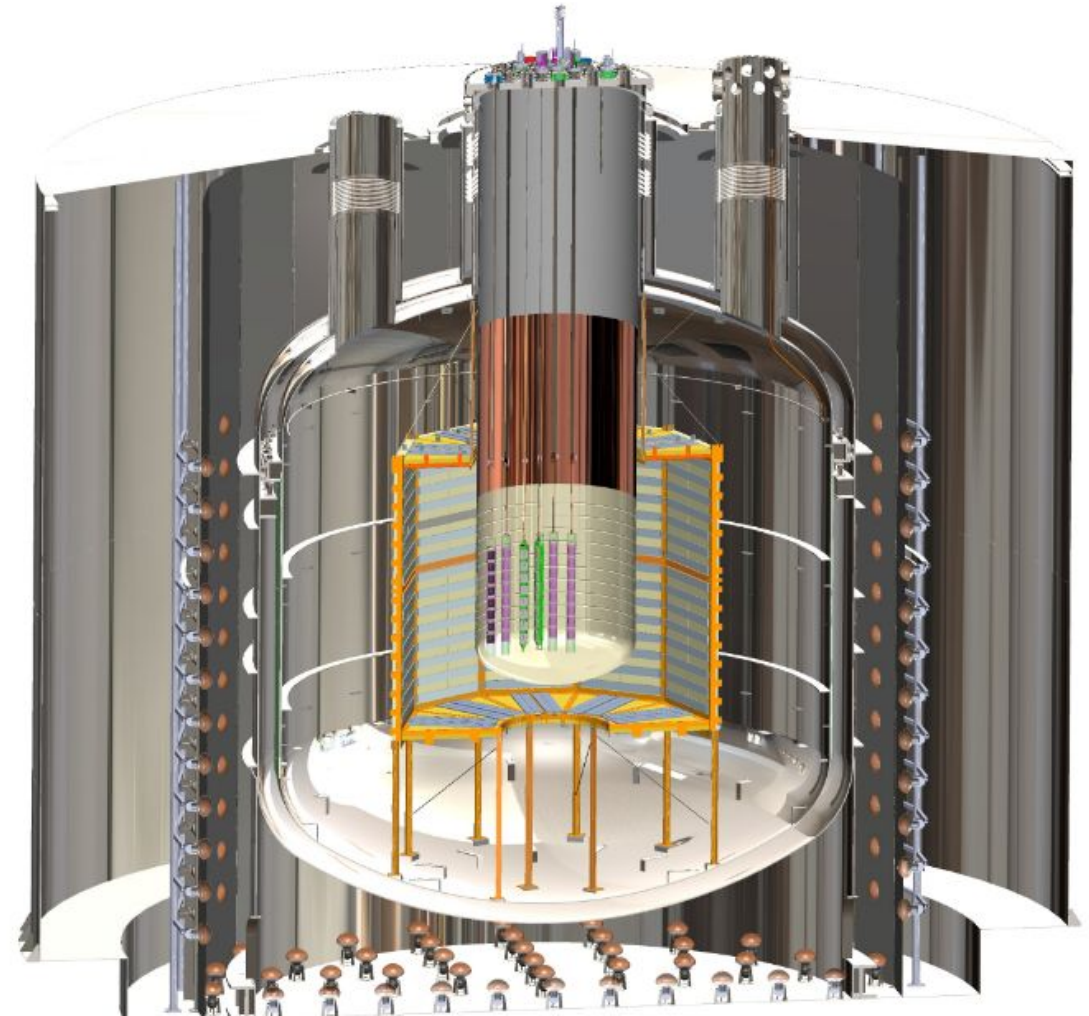
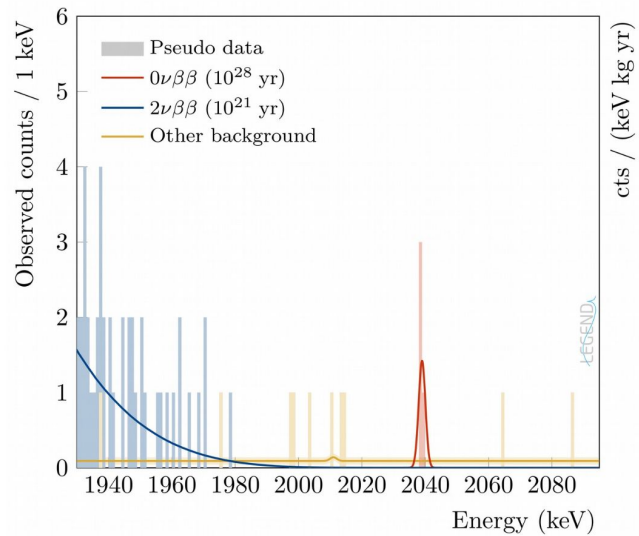
- Strong anti-correlation of argon and PSD cuts
- Strong suppression of surface α and β (^{42}K) events by PSD cut
- ~60% suppression of Compton multi-site events at $Q_{\beta\beta}$ by PSD cut
- Strong suppression of background on top of $2\nu\beta\beta$ by LAr cut
- Overall $0\nu\beta\beta$ survival fraction of ~60%
- “Pure” $2\nu\beta\beta$ distribution; few overall events surviving at $Q_{\beta\beta}$

- Improved x3 light yield compared to GERDA
- Combination of cuts (QC, multiplicity, muon veto, PSD, LAr veto) suppresses nearly all background
- 11 events after cuts after unblindings
- Background indices:
 - $BI_{\text{gold}} [48 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{yr}]: 5.4^{+2.7}_{-2.0} \times 10^{-4} \text{ cts}/(\text{keV}\cdot\text{kg}\cdot\text{yr})$
 - $BI_{\text{silver}} [13 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{yr}]: 13^{+8.0}_{-5.4} \times 10^{-4} \text{ cts}/(\text{keV}\cdot\text{kg}\cdot\text{yr})$
- $m_{\beta\beta} < 75\text{-}200 \text{ meV}$



$T_{1/2}$	Observed (90% C.L.)	Sensitivity (90% C.L.)
LEGEND	$> 0.5 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr}$	$1.0 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr}$
LEGEND+GERDA +MAJORANA	$> 1.9 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr}$	$2.8 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr}$

- Quasi-background-free for 10 ton yr exposure
- Flat background - no γ peaks close to $Q_{\beta\beta}$
- Unambiguous discovery of $0\nu\beta\beta$ - signal will be visible to the eye
- In case of no discovery, push lower limit 2 orders of magnitude above current best

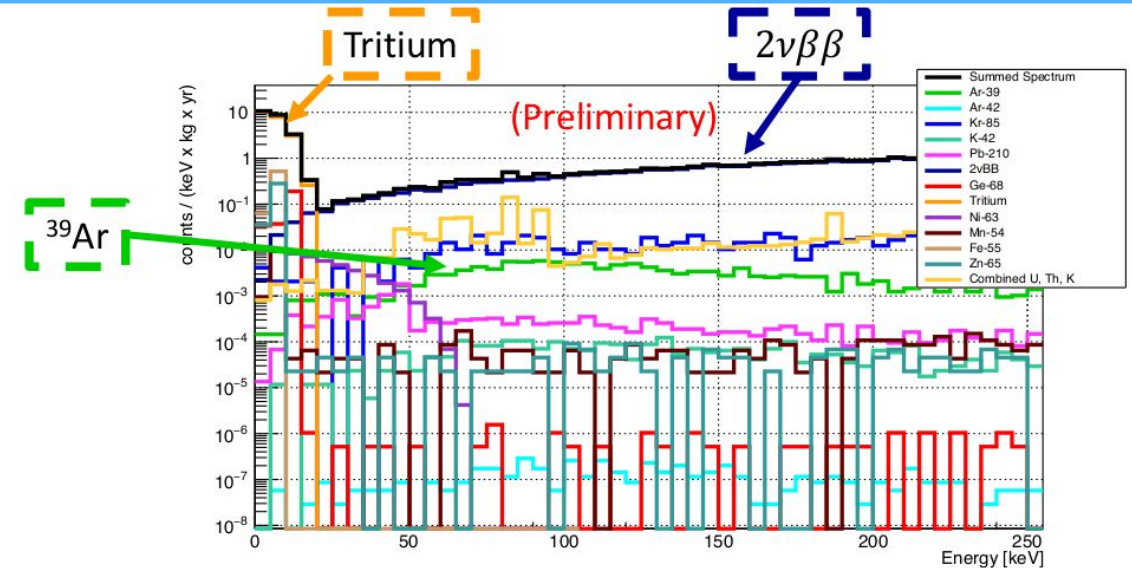


Physics opportunities beyond Onbb

Beyond the main scope of the experiment:

- Dark Matter Candidates
 - WIMP, ALPs, composite DM, axions
- $2\nu\beta\beta$ Spectral Effects
 - Majorons, Lorentz violation, ...
- Track-like Signatures
 - LIP, magnetic monopole, ...
- Tests of Fundamental Physics
 - baryon decay, pauli exclusion principle violation, ...
- Astrophysical Neutrinos
 - solar, SN, pre-SN, ...

In LEGEND-200, domination of ^{39}Ar from AtmLAr below $\sim 565\text{keV}$



J. Waters

In LEGEND-1000 with UGLAr, the most interesting researches:

- Peak search signature
- Ultraheavy dark matter
- $2\nu\beta\beta$ spectral distortions

Extrapolation of background model at lowest energy with application of several cuts

- Multiplicity, LAr cut, detector surface events

Peak search signature

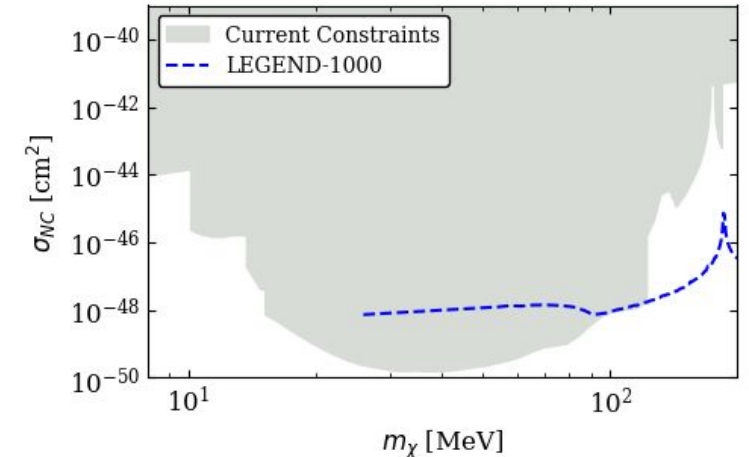
[PhysRevLett.129.161805](https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.13089)
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.13089>



Limits (90% C.L.) based on the statistical fluctuation above the background model within $E \pm 2\sigma$

- Absorption of Fermionic Dark Matter
- keV-scale bosonic dark matter (ALP, DP)
- Sub-GeV DM-nucleus $3 \rightarrow 2$ scattering
- Sterile neutrino transition magnetic moment

$$R_{NC} = \frac{\rho_\chi}{m_\chi} \sigma_{NC} N_T A^2 F_N^2 (q = m_\chi)$$



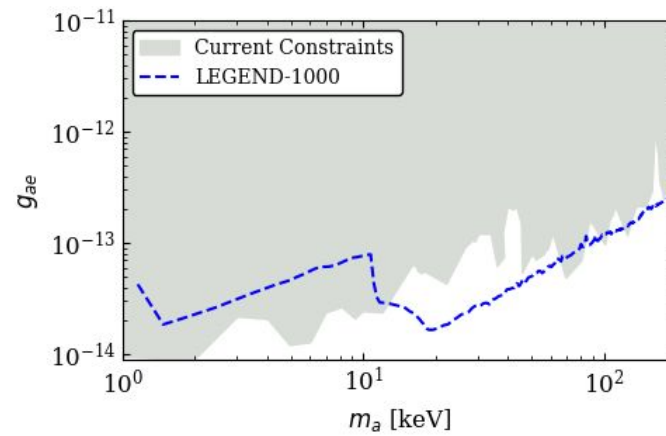
low energy threshold coupled with small atomic mass

LEGEND-1000:

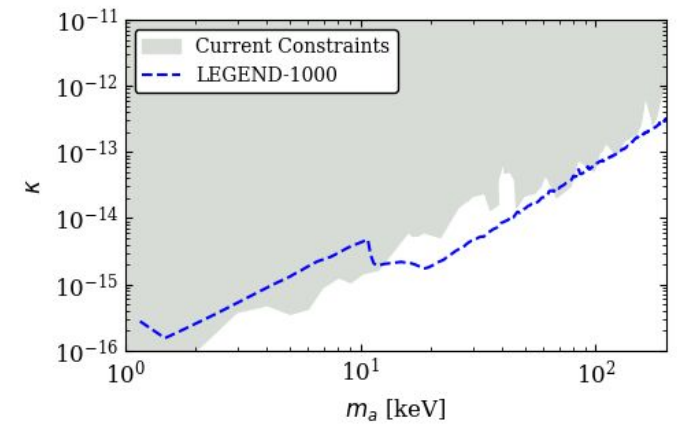
- exposure = 10 ton-y
- threshold = 1 keV
- energy resolution = 160 keV

DM masses from 1.16 keV to 200 keV in step sizes of $2\sigma_E = 320$ eV

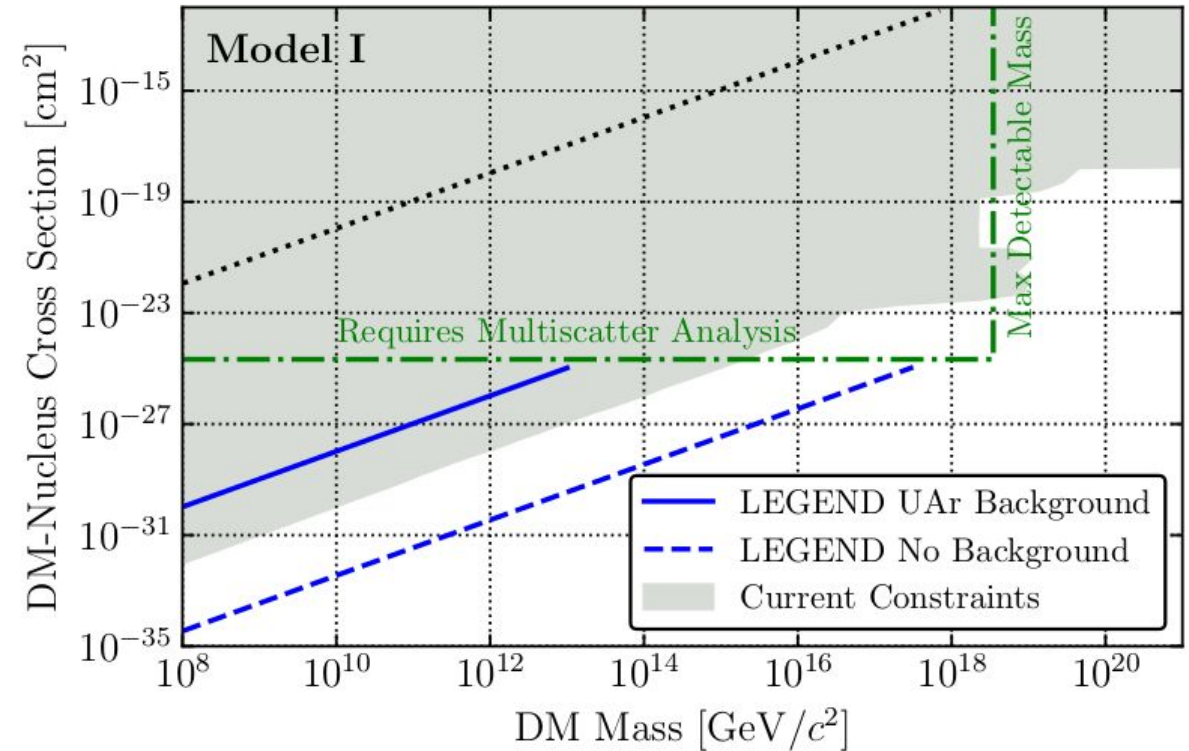
$$R_a = \rho_\chi \frac{3g_{ae}^2 c m_a}{16\pi\alpha m_e^2} \sigma_{pe}(m_a)$$



$$R_V = \frac{\rho_\chi}{m_V} \kappa^2 c \sigma_{pe}(m_V)$$



- Composite DM with large cross sections
 - Interact multiple times in a single event
 - interact in a line (track)
- Thanks to large exposure, potential to probe very high masses
- Great improvement if we include also signals from LAr scintillation light
- Multiscatter limits on:
 - cross section
 - maximum DM mass

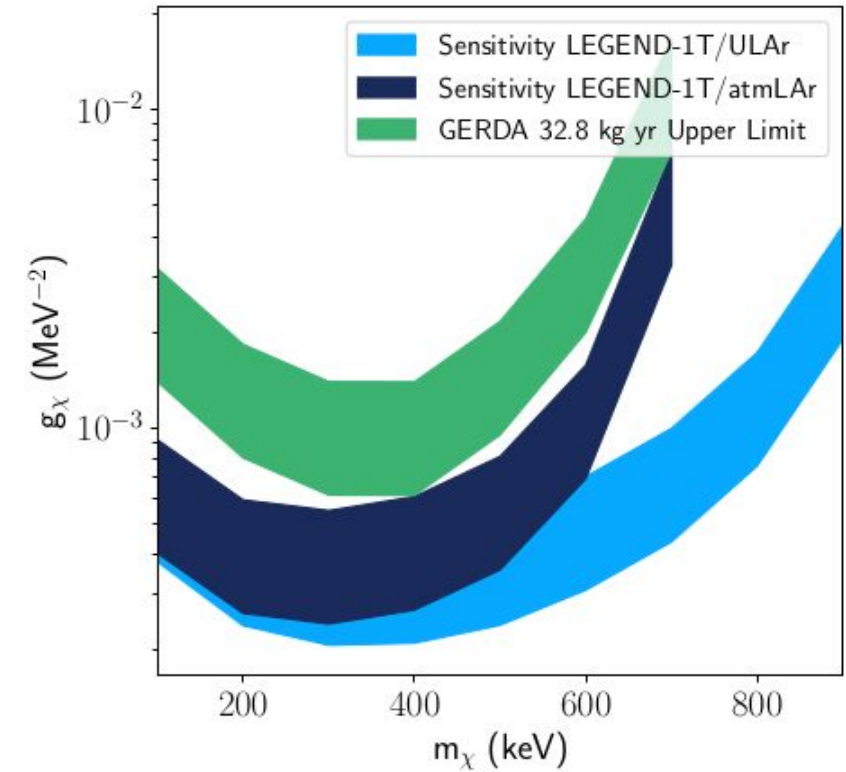
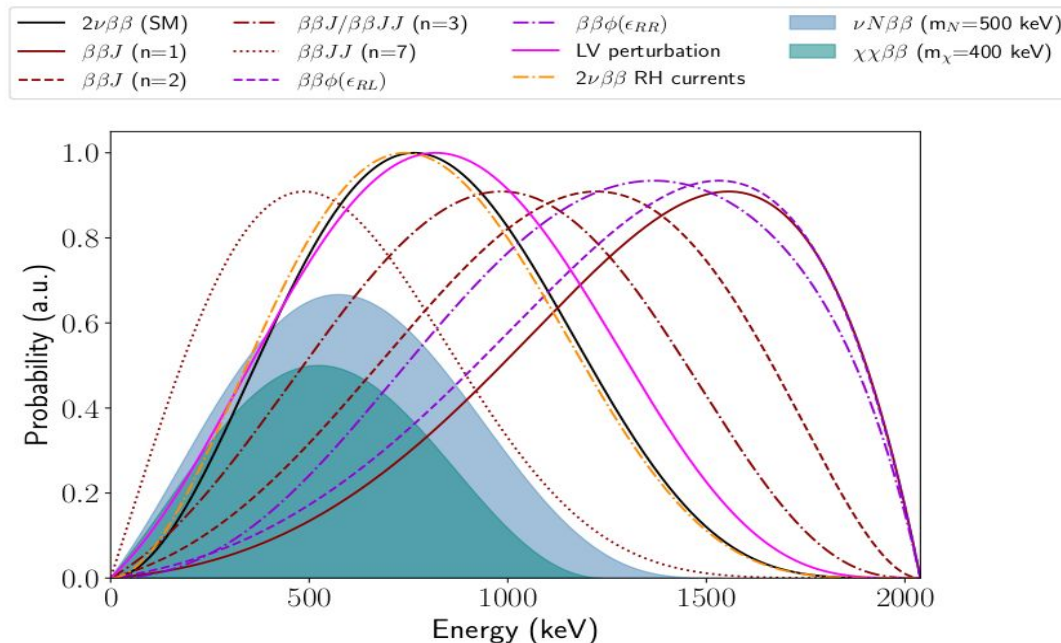


<https://arxiv.org/abs/2402.08865>

$$\sigma_{\text{MIMP}} = \frac{1}{L_{\text{det}} n_{\text{det}}}$$
$$m_{\chi}^{\text{max}} \approx \frac{1}{2.3} \rho_{\chi} A_{\text{det}} v_{\chi} t_{\text{exp}}$$

Exotic fermions

- Emission of two exotic fermions under Z_2 symmetry
- Peak of e- energy distribution depends on m_χ mass
- Limits on half-life are converted to limits on coupling constant g_χ via nuclear matrix element



[from GERDA](#)

$$(A, Z) \rightarrow (A, Z + 2) + 2e + 2\chi$$

$$[T_{1/2}]^{-1} = g_\chi^2 C |\mathcal{M}_{0\nu}|^2 \cdot G^{\chi\chi}$$

- LEGEND will search for $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay in ^{76}Ge via 2 stages.
- **LEGEND-200** has completed its first $0\nu\beta\beta$ unblinding and restarted data taking.
- Pursuing funding for **LEGEND-1000** in the US and Europe; preparations are underway at LNGS.
- LEGEND has a wide BSM physics program, including DM
- Many searches are complementary to DM experiments
- Beyond $0\nu\beta\beta$ sensitivities for LEGEND-1000 are being compiled in an upcoming white paper

...stay tuned!

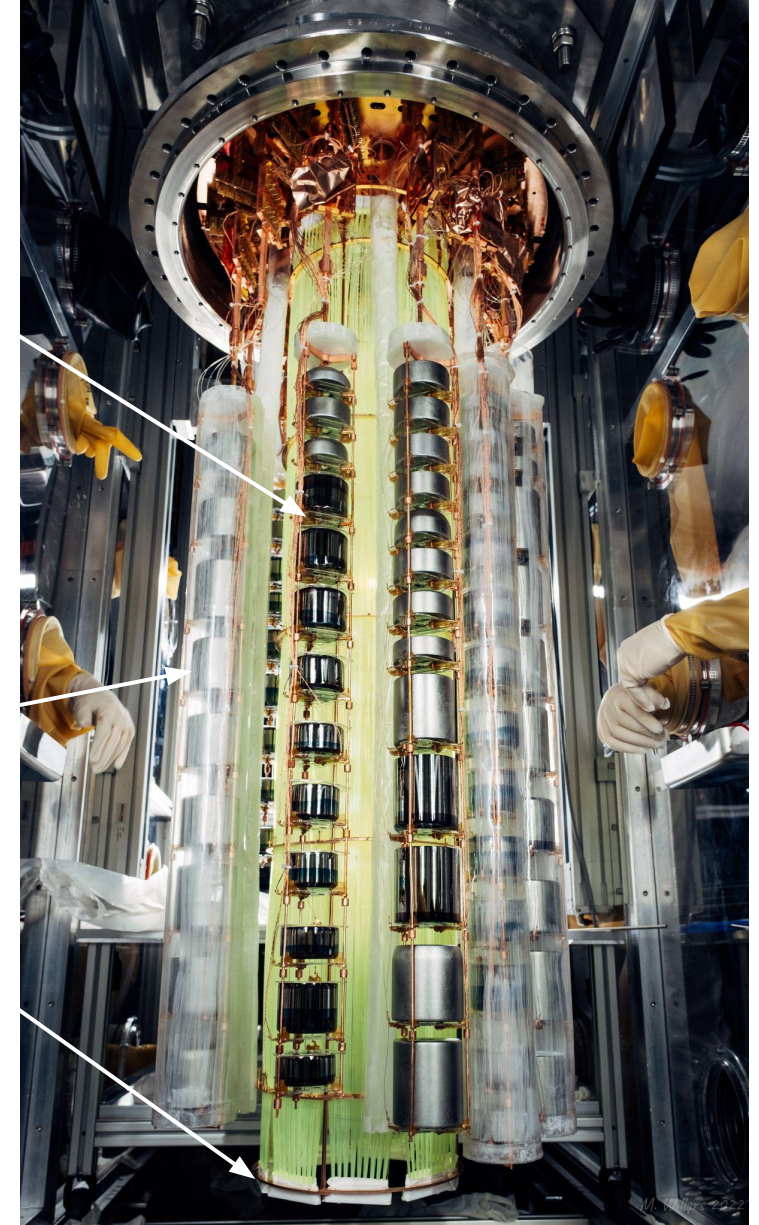
LEGEND-200: current status

- Location at hall A, LNGS: muon flux is reduced by 6 orders of magnitude compared to the surface
- HPGe detectors:
 - 9 string arrays
- Low Mass Front End
- LAr:
 - 64 m³ LAr Volume in a stainless steel cryostat
 - 58 read-out modules of SiPMs coupled to WLS fibers
- Electroformed copper plates
 - produced underground at SURF
- Ultrapure water tank:
 - shields n, γ
 - 66 PMTs (Cherenkov)

*scintillating
PEN plates*

nylon shrouds

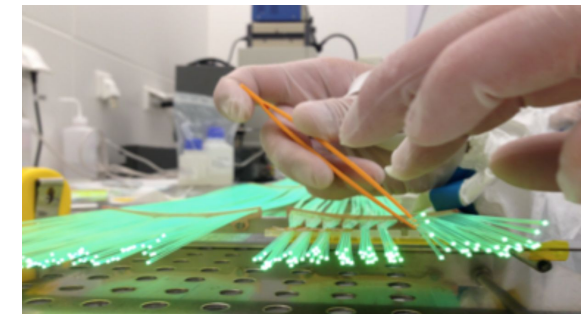
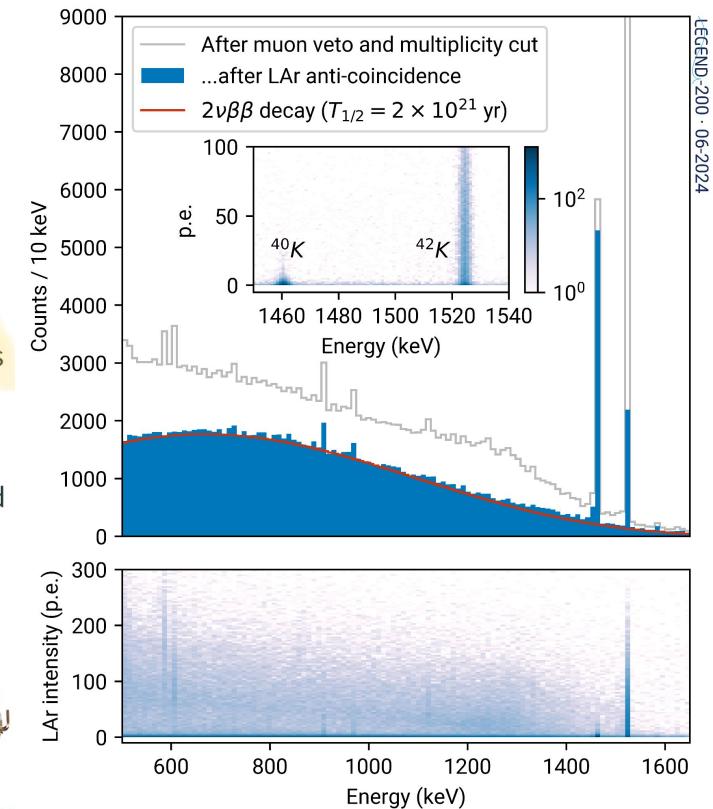
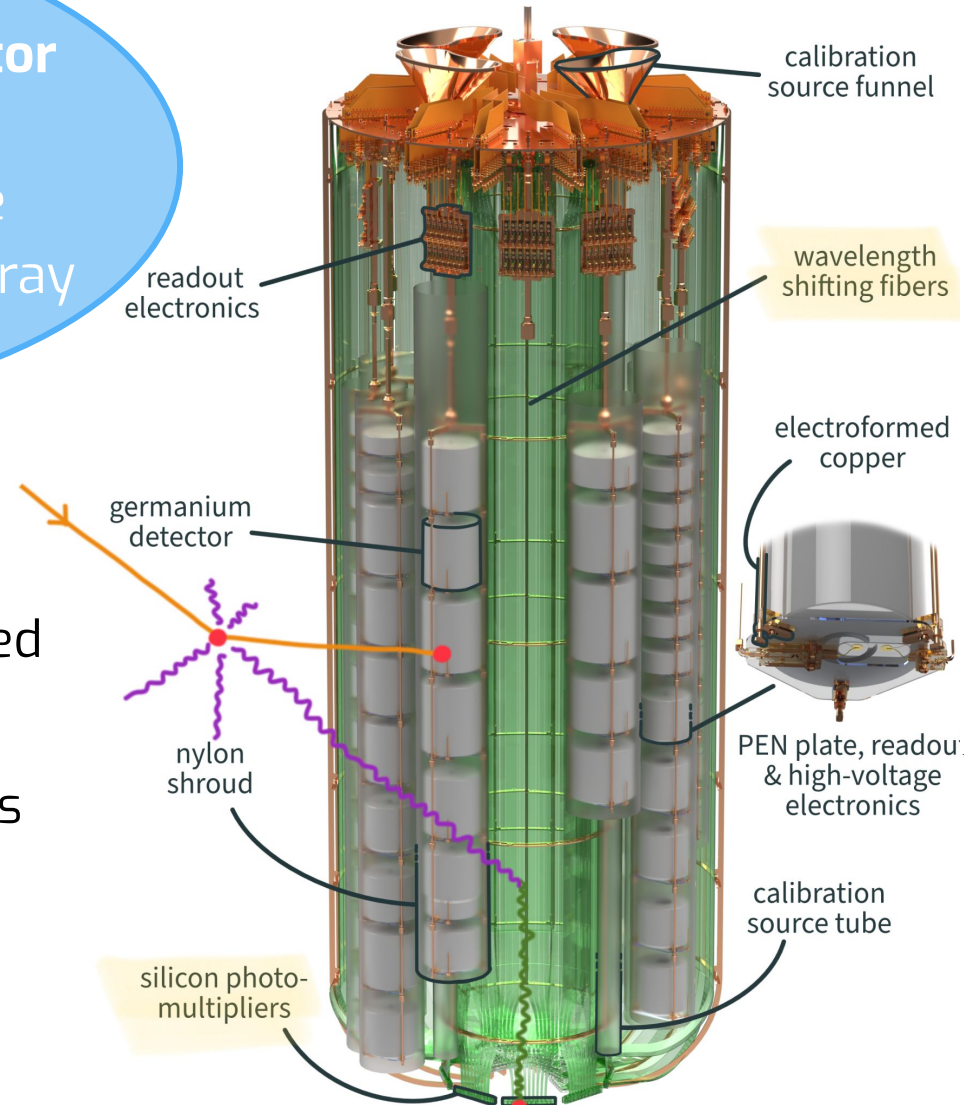
*WLS fibers
and SiPMs*



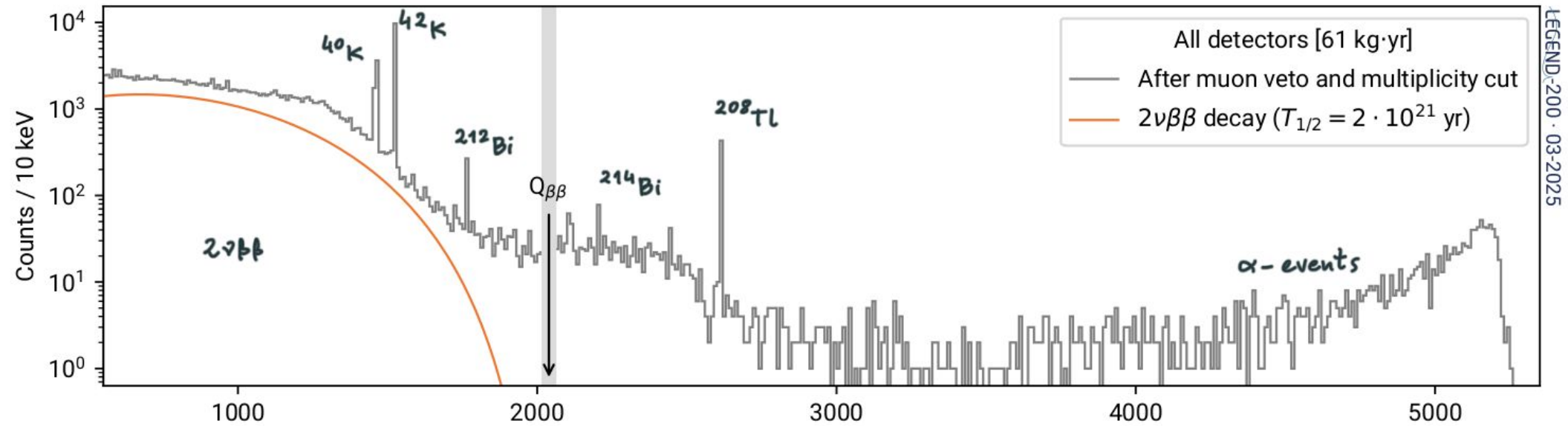
Liquid Argon Veto

LAr scintillation-light detector
active shield from any
background sources in the
materials surrounding the array

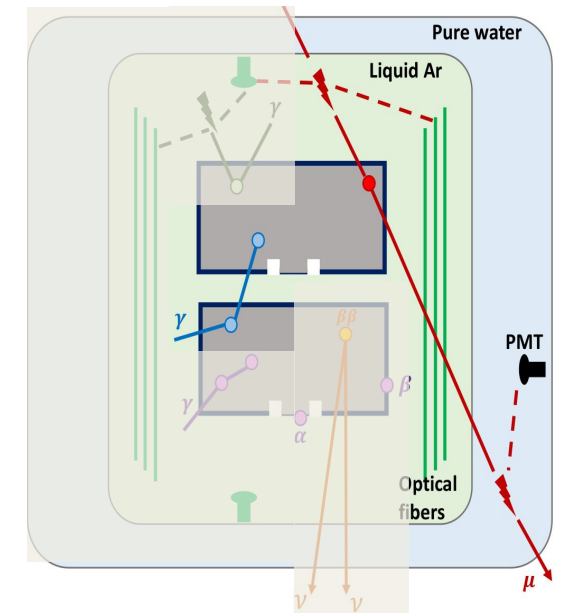
- Implemented as two-barrel geometry
- Read out via WLS fibers coupled to SiPMs
- Argon cryostat: cools detectors to approximately 87 K
- LAr Veto: suppression of background events depositing energy in the Ar



Muon veto and multiplicity cut

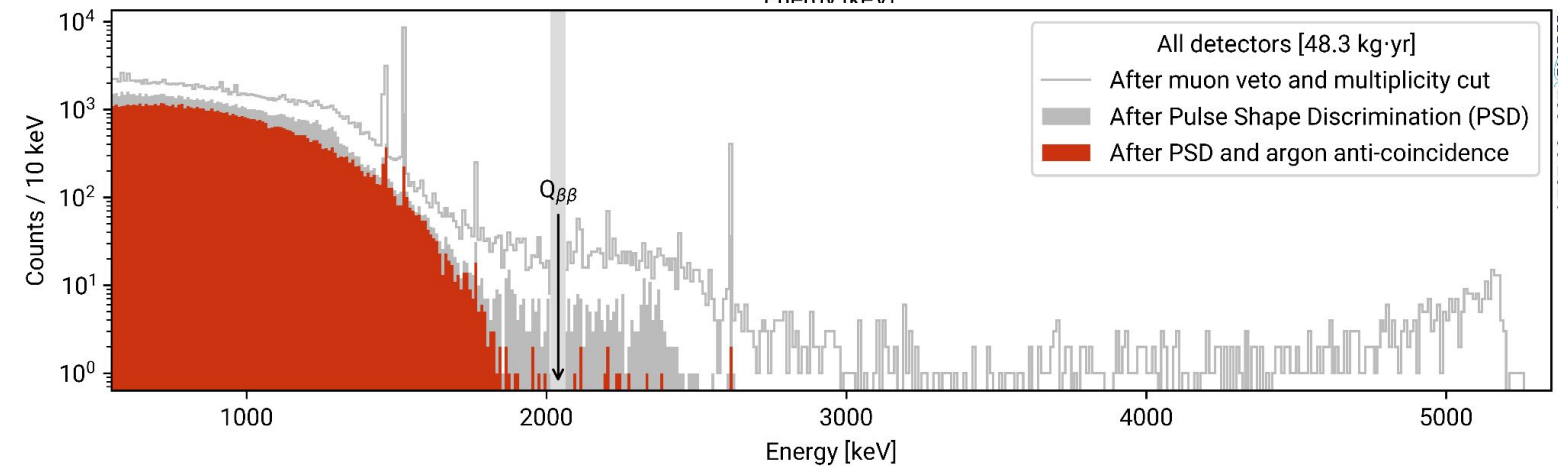
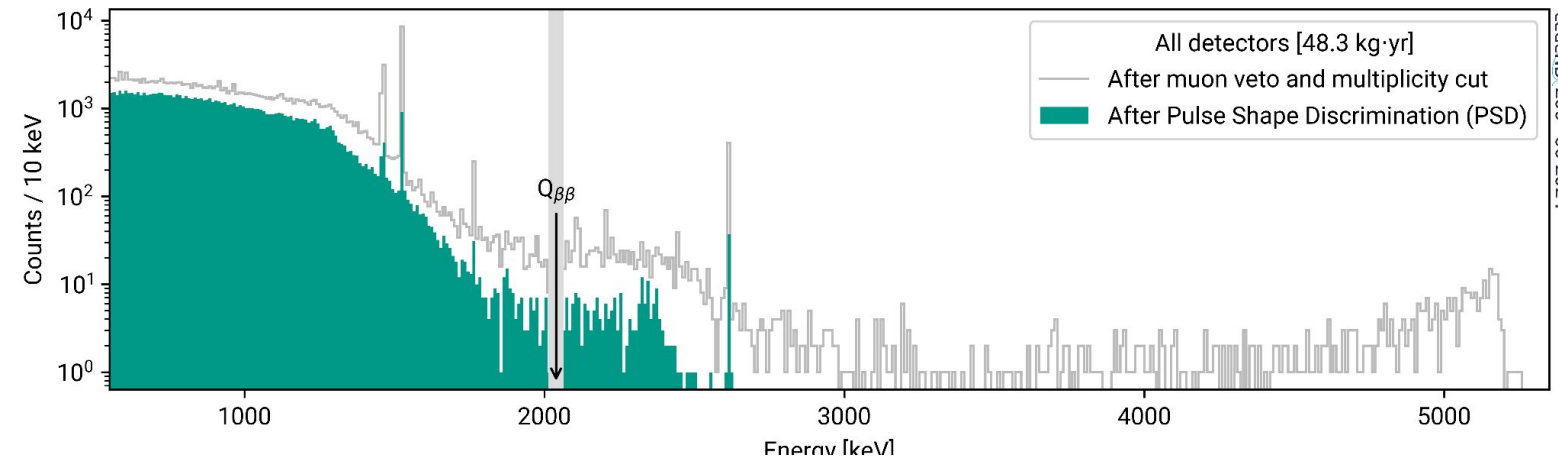
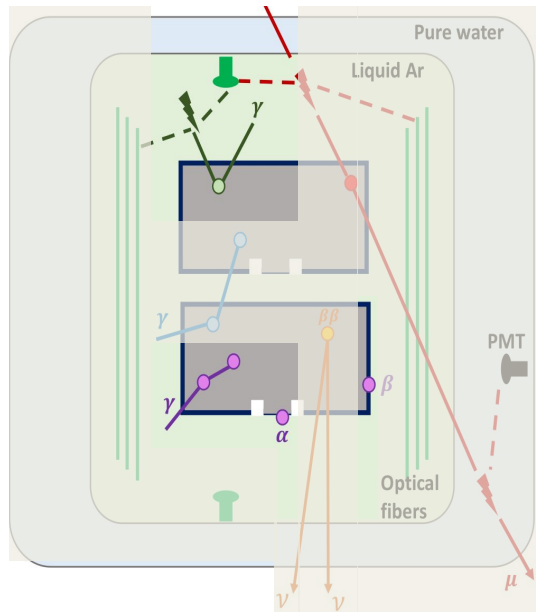


- Blinding applied at $Q_{\beta\beta} = 2039$ keV (50 keV window)
- > 95% survival of physical events after data cleaning
- 26% of events rejected by Multiplicity cut at $Q_{\beta\beta}$
- 2 events removed by Muon Veto

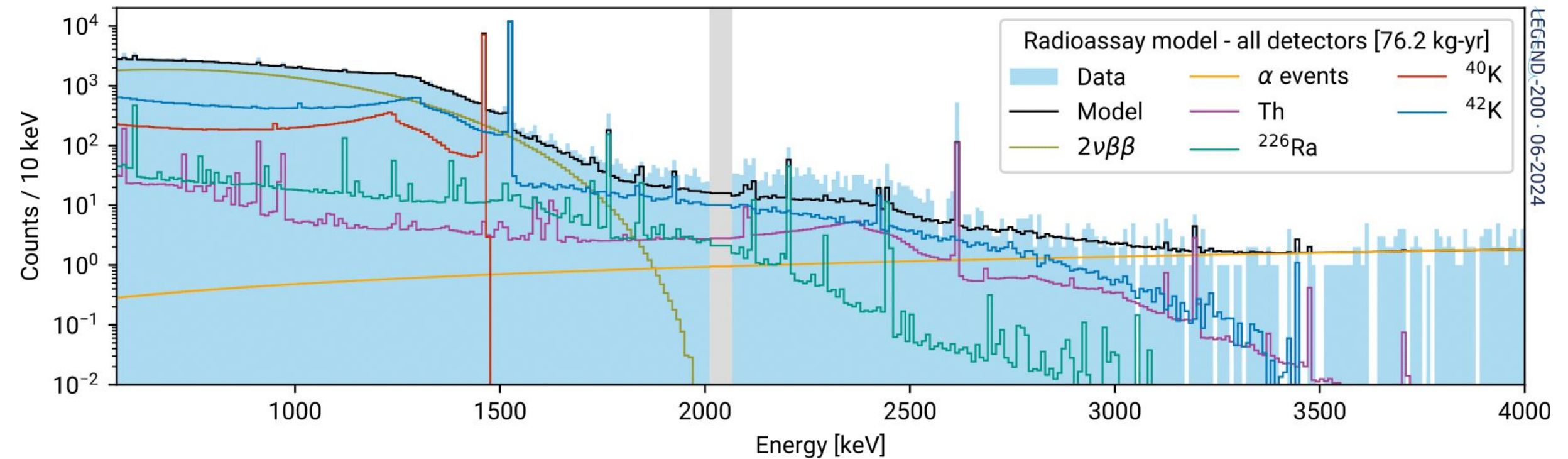


PSD and Argon anticoincidence cut

- Strong suppression of surface α and β (^{42}K) events
- Excellent suppression of Compton multi-site events
- ^{228}Th strongly suppressed
- $\sim$ "pure" $2\nu\beta\beta$ distribution



Background model



- Data well reproduced, model is flat at $Q_{\beta\beta}$

- Data well reproduced, model is flat at $Q_{\beta\beta}$

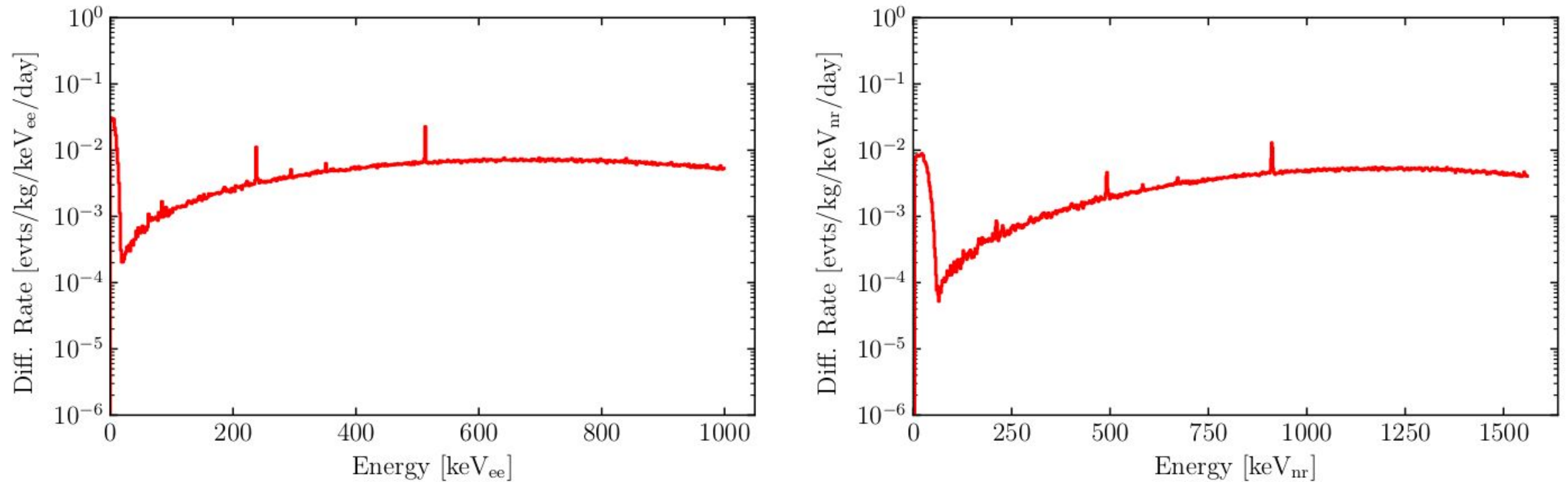
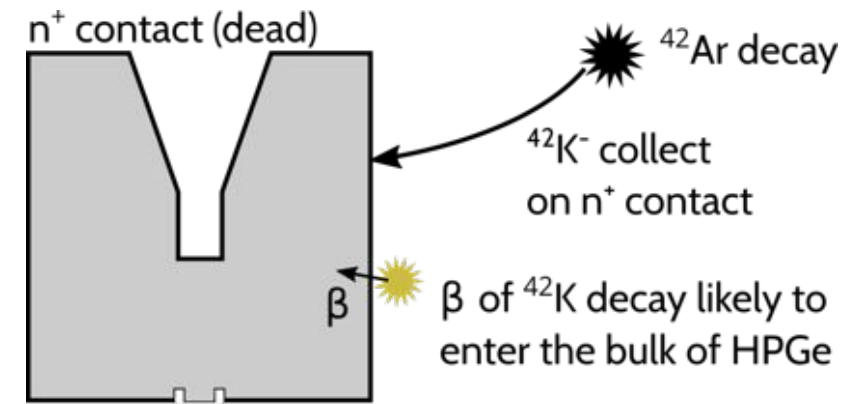
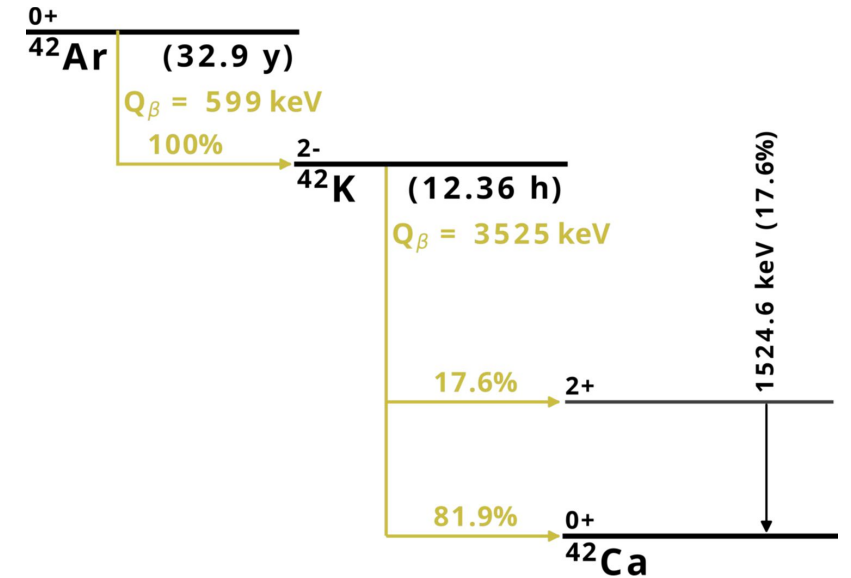
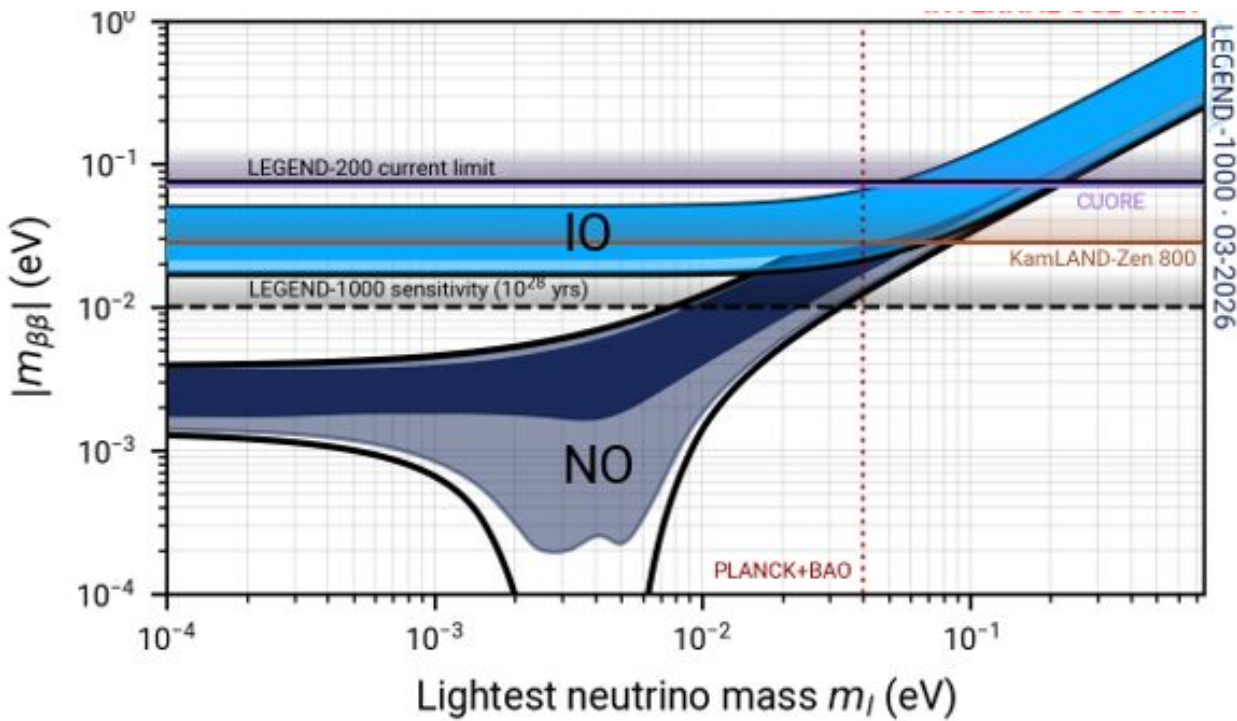


FIG. 16. (Left) The total background model at low energies in electron-equivalent units. (Right) The total background model at low energies after using the Lindhard model to convert to a nuclear recoil energy scale, where we have assumed that all events could have been nuclear recoil events.

Effect of Underground LAr

- $\times 1400$ reduction of ^{39}Ar background seen by [DarkSide](#)
- Expect same reduction of ^{42}Ar
 - Also cosmogenically produced
 - Its beta-decaying progeny ^{42}K is a major background in the $0\nu\beta\beta$ ROI
 - This is a key part of obtaining the low backgrounds needed!
- Use of UGLAr means we are dominated by $2\nu\beta\beta$ at low energies, not ^{39}Ar !
 - Allows lots of interesting physics searches through spectral distortions





Bkg Index
cts/(FWHM·ton·yr)

LEGEND-200	0.6
LEGEND-1000	0.025

